

TECHNO INDIA GROUP PUBLIC SCHOOL
CLASS - IX
SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE
TOPIC: FRENCH REVOLUTION

1 MARK QUESTIONS:

1. Name the three 'Estates' into which the French society was divided before the revolution.
2. Name the book that has proposed a division of power within the government?
3. What was Livre?
4. Define Tithe?
5. What was Taille?
6. What was Feudal system?
7. In which book did Rousseau mention the idea of one person, one vote?
8. Why was Bastille hated by the French people?
9. Which battle sealed the fate of France in 1815?
10. Who was the leader of the Jacobin club?
11. Which period of France's history is known as 'The Reign of Terror'?
12. Name the most popular political club started by the French women.
13. Who wrote the 'Two Treatises of Government'?
14. Who are the clergy?
15. What is Subsistence Crisis?
16. What does the red cap worn by sans-culottes in France symbolise?
17. 'The national Assembly completed the draft of the constitution in 1791' mention any two features of the constitution.
18. Name any four French philosophers who inspired the French people to revolt.
19. What was the slogan of the French revolutionaries?
20. Who formed the national assemblies in France in 1789?

3 MARK QUESTIONS:

1. The eighteenth-century France witnessed the emergence of the middle class'. Who were they and what were their ideas?
2. Describe any three causes for the fall of the Jacobin government in France.
3. What do you understand by the term "Reign of Terror"?
4. Highlight the provisions of the constitution which was introduced after the fall of Jacobin club.
5. What role did women play during the revolutionary years?
6. Explain the impact of French revolution on the life of people of France.

7. 'Ideas of liberty and democratic rights were the most important legacy of the French revolution'. Explain the statement in the light of French revolution.
8. What compelled Louis XVI to raise taxes in France.
9. Describe the status of nobles in France before the revolution.
10. How did philosophers influence the thinking of the people of the France?
11. What measures were taken by Robespierre to bring equality in the French society?
12. How did peasants contribute to the outbreak of the French revolution?
13. State the events that led to the formation of the National Assembly?
14. Write the main features of French constitution of 1791?
15. What was the significance of the 'Tennis court Oath' in the French revolution?
16. Describe the effects of abolition of law of censorship on France.

5 MARK QUESTIONS:

1. How was the French society organized? What privileges did certain section of the society enjoy? Explain.
2. Explain the role of thinkers or philosophers in French revolution.
3. Explain the events that led to the insurrection of 1792 in France.
4. Explain the role of Mirabeau and abbessieye's in the French revolution.
5. Explain triangular slave trade carried on during eighteenth and nineteenth century.
6. Evaluate the importance of the following years in concern with French revolution. 1774, 1789, 1791, 1804, 1815.
7. What were the main causes of the French revolution of 1789?
8. Explain how the new political system of constitutional monarchy in France worked.
9. What was the role of Jacobins during the French revolution?
10. How was slavery abolished in France?
11. Describe the condition of women during the period of French revolution.
12. Who was Robespierre? Describe any four steps taken by him to bring equality.
13. Compare the political, economic and social condition of France before and after the revolution.
14. Describe the main features of the constitution of 1791. Mention any five points.
15. Three items A, B, and C are shown in the given outline map of France. Identify the items with the help of the following information.
 - a) The capital of France
 - b) Region not affected by the great fear
 - c) An epicentre of main panic movement.